## INFORMATION SHEET

## Lymphoedema Self-Management Plan (Genital Oedema – Female)

Lymphoedema Practitioner	ioner Today's date	
Patient's name		
Patient's date of birth	NHS no.	

Key steps to managing your lymphoedema	Self-care plan	Individual advice given
Looking after your skin	<ul> <li>Wash and dry your genital area thoroughly</li> <li>Protect your skin by avoiding cuts, bites and scratches</li> <li>Monitor skin for signs of cellulitis (infection of the skin): common symptoms are pain, swelling, heat, redness, blistered or broken skin and fevers</li> <li>If you have signs of infection, contact your GP or call 111 out of hours</li> <li>If skin becomes sore or is blistered, or if you notice any leaking or unusual discharge, inform your GP practice or community nurse</li> <li>There is a risk of the skin around the genital area becoming fragile and sore. When toileting, washing or drying the area, use a patting or dabbing technique instead of wiping to protect the skin. If the skin has broken down, we may suggest you use an unperfumed barrier cream for skin protection</li> </ul>	
Maintain a healthy lifestyle	<ul> <li>Aim to lead an active and healthy lifestyle</li> <li>Keep well hydrated and eat a balanced diet: maintaining a healthy weight will reduce the strain on your lymphatics</li> <li>Aim to complete 30 minutes of moderate activity 5 times a week: walking, cycling, swimming or gardening are good ideas to consider</li> <li>If you are new to exercise you may wish to seek the advice and support of a healthcare professional (GP, lymphoedema practitioner, physiotherapist)</li> <li>Complete the lymphoedema specific exercise programme daily that was given by your lymphoedema practitioner – this may likely include pelvic floor exercises</li> <li>Build up activity and exercise levels gradually</li> </ul>	



Key steps to managing your lymphoedema	Self-care plan	Individual advice given
Self-Lymphatic Drainage	<ul> <li>Your lymphoedema practitioner may suggest that you follow a Self-Lymphatic Drainage (SLD) care plan.</li> <li>SLD is a form of self massage that helps to move the lymph fluid (swelling) towards its natural pathway(s) to promote drainage with the aim of reducing the swelling.</li> <li>Further information will be given on an individualised SLD care plan.</li> </ul>	
Positioning and support garment	<ul> <li>It may be beneficial to put a rolled up towel between your legs, under the genital area, when sitting, in order to provide some support</li> <li>Wearing a sanitary towel or incontinence pad inside underwear can help to provide some support to the area: your lymphoedema practitioner may provide you with specific padding to use for this purpose</li> <li>If possible wear supportive underwear or cycling shorts.</li> <li>Your lymphoedema practitioner may provide you with a compression garment to wear in the form or tights/shorts</li> <li>Your lymphoedema practitioner may suggest that you use Kinesiotape as an additional form of support to aid lymph drainage; further information will be given on an individualised care plan if appropriate</li> <li>Garments should be replaced every six months or</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Garments should be replaced every six months or if damaged. Set a reminder in your phone, diary or calendar each year and inform your GP or Prescriptions Team when you need a new set of garments.</li> <li>If garments no longer fit or your swelling has changed, call your Lymphoedema Service or ask your GP to re-refer if you have been discharged</li> </ul>	

For further information, here are some other useful contacts:

**Lymphoedema Support Network** Website: Lymphoedema.org | Email: admin@lsn.org.uk | Telephone: 020 7351 4480 **Lipoedema UK** Website: lipoedema.co.uk | Email: info@lipoedema.co.uk

British Lymphology Society Website: thebls.com

If you have any questions, contact: Dorothy House Lymphoedema Service **Telephone 0345 0130 555** 

